



REDSS SOLUTIONS FRAMEWORK TEMPLATE

CRITERIA	SUB-CRITERIA	INDICATORS	Analysis by indicator of existing data: specify relevant benchmark for each and reasons for rating	R	O	G	W	Activities to address gaps and needs in the search of durable solutions
PHYSICAL SAFETY	Protection	<p>Prevalence of SGBV and other forms of violence</p> <p>1. % of target population who were subjected to physical, psychological or sexual violence in the previous 12 months</p> <p>Freedom of movement</p> <p>2. % of target population facing restrictions on their freedom of movement</p>						
	Safety and Security	<p>Access to police and judiciary</p> <p>3. Level of confidence in police and informal/formal justice mechanisms among target population</p> <p>Perception of safety in current place of residence</p> <p>4. Percentage of target population feeling safe in their current place of residence compared to local population</p>						
	Social Cohesion	<p>Perception of stigmatization due to displacement status</p> <p>5. % of target population who do not face any form of stigmatization (verbal violence, insults, exclusion, etc.) in their current place of residence, compared to local population</p> <p>Perception of acceptance by host community</p> <p>6. % of target population feeling they are accepted in the community where they live compared to resident population</p>						

<p style="text-align: center;">MATERIAL SAFETY</p>	<p>Adequate Standard of living</p>	<p>Adequate access to food 7. Food consumption score</p> <p>Prevalence of malnutrition 8. Prevalence of GAM/SAM among target population</p> <p>Adequate access to potable water, sanitation and hygiene 9. % of target group with daily access to safely managed and sufficient drinking water, sanitation and hygiene</p> <p>Adequate access to health care 10. % of target population who used health care services (including mental health care) the last time they needed it in the past 12 months</p> <p>Adequate access to formal education 11. Primary/secondary school net attendance ratio</p> <p>Access to social protection mechanisms 12. Existence of legal, administrative or discriminatory barriers to accessing national social protection programs</p>						
	<p>Access to job creation and employment opportunities</p>	<p>Obstacles to employment/ economic activity 13. Existence of legal/administrative obstacles to employment or economic activity</p> <p>Unemployment rate 14. Unemployment rate (% of total labour force)</p> <p>Poverty rate 15. % of target population living below the national poverty line</p>						

	<p>Effective and accessible mechanisms to restore housing, land and property</p>	<p>Adequate standard of housing 16. % of target population who have adequate standard of housing</p> <p>Access to mechanisms for resolving HLP disputes 17. Existence of accessible mechanisms for resolving housing, land and property disputes for target group</p> <p>Resolution of HLP claims 18. % of target population with lost HLP who have had their claims resolved</p> <p>Access to security of tenure 19. % of target population with secure tenure rights to land</p>						
<p>LEGAL SAFETY</p>	<p>Access to personal and other documentation</p>	<p>Access to mechanisms for obtaining personal documents 20. Existence of accessible mechanisms for obtaining/replacing documents</p> <p>Possession of birth certificates, ID cards and other personal documents 21. % of target population currently in possession of birth certificates, national ID cards or other relevant personal documents</p>						
	<p>Family reunification</p>	<p>Access to BIDS for unaccompanied and separated children 22. Access to Best Interest Determination for unaccompanied and separated children</p> <p>Access to mechanisms for family reunification 23. Existence of accessible mechanisms to reunite separated family members</p> <p>Rate of family reunification</p>						

		24. % of UASC and other vulnerable persons who have been reunified with their families						
	Participation in public affairs without discrimination	Obstacles to voting or being elected 25. Existence of legal or administrative obstacles that prevent people from 1) voting or 2) being elected Access to inclusive and responsive decision-making processes 26. % of target population who believe decision-making is inclusive and responsive						
	Access to effective remedies and justice	Access to mechanisms providing remedies 27. % of target population who accessed mechanisms to provide remedies for violations suffered (out of those who needed them) Provision of remedies 28. % of target population who consider that they have been effectively remedied for violations suffered (out of those who accessed mechanisms to provide remedies)						