Lessons learned from the use and adaptation of the ReDSS Framework 2016-2019
Overview of content

- ReDSS framework to inform a common understanding and analysis
- Adaptation of the framework to measure progress and impacts
- Use of the IASC indicators for micro data and for National Development Plan – link to SDGs and leave no one behind
- Lessons learned and next steps
**Goal:** To improve programming and policy in support of durable solutions processes so that displacement affected communities live in safety and dignity in East and Horn of Africa.

Consortium of 14 organizations hosted by DRC and steering committee NRC, IRC, DRC

**Coordination and information hub** – not an implementing agency
A practical, easy-to-use rapid and adaptive analytical tool with a simple visual to enable users to answer:

- What are the barriers/opportunities for durable solutions?
- To what extent have durable solutions been achieved?
- What changes to policy and practice are required to advance progress towards durable solutions?
- Where to focus and prioritize investments based on gaps and challenges identified?

Can be used by practitioners and policy-makers to tailor programming and policies according to a common framework around solutions and based on a collective analysis (government and local authorities, humanitarian/ development/ peace and state building actors, etc)
ReDSS/IASC FRAMEWORK: COMMON DURABLE SOLUTIONS OUTCOMES

Measure *contribution not attribution towards collective outcomes*

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Criteria</th>
<th>Sub criteria (IASC)</th>
<th>OUTCOMES Indicators</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. SAFETY &amp; SECURITY/ PROTECTION/ SOCIAL COHESION</td>
<td>6 Indicators SDGs 10&amp;16</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. ACCESS TO BASIC SERVICES</td>
<td>7 indicators SDGs 2,3&amp;4</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>3. ACCESS TO JOB CREATION/ ECONOMIC OPPORTUNITIES</td>
<td>4 indicators SDGs 1&amp;8</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>4. RESTORATION OF HOUSING, LAND &amp; PROPERTY</td>
<td>3 Indicators SDG 11</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5. ACCESS TO DOCUMENTATION</td>
<td>3 Indicators</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6. FAMILY REUNIFICATION</td>
<td>3 Indicators SDG 3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7. PARTICIPATION IN PUBLIC AFFAIRS</td>
<td>2 Indicators SDG 16</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8. ACCESS TO EFFECTIVE REMEDIES AND JUSTICE</td>
<td>2 Indicators SDG 16</td>
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Making data useful- right balance?

A collaborative process through a consensus building approach to inform joint analysis
### Danwadaag Programme in Somalia (2018-2022)

**Partners:** IOM, NRC, Concern, ReDSS, GREDO, Juba Foundation, SHADCO/ **Donor:** DFID – multi year multi sectors

**Objective:** Enhancing durable solutions towards reduced displacement and (re)integration of DACs

**Overall indicator:** % of displacement affected communities target population who are (re)integrated in the places where they live

**Measuring tool:** Local integration index (LORI) measuring 8 IASC criteria as well as trust, social cohesion, and specific local integration questions

### EU REINTEG Durable solutions consortia (2017-2020)

**Partners:** 3 NGO led consortia supported by ReDSS **Donor:** European Union – multi year multi sectors

**Objective:** Support sustainable re-integration of refugee returnees and IDPs in Somalia

**Overall indicator:** % of displaced that feel integrated in the places where they live and do not face discrimination as per their displacement status

**Measuring tool:** Outcome monitoring framework with 10 outcome indicators on 5 IASC criteria across 3 safeties
Use of the IASC indicators to inform micro data analysis and inclusion in Somalia National Development Plan

World Bank micro data analysis for Somalia (displacement indicators in poverty assessments)

- Socio-economic micro-data analysis based on IASC framework to create a holistic profile of IDPs that links the causes of their displacement with their current needs, assets, and aspirations.
- Micro-data is individual and household-level data that includes host communities and displaced for comparison.

Inclusion of displacement indicators in the Somalia National Development Plan (NDP)

- Inclusion of IASC criteria/indicators into NDP 9
- Specific IASC/SDGS related indicators on return and (re)integration, job creation, HLP and early solutions
- Developing Durable Solutions Strategy Performance Matrix that incorporates the IASC Framework to measure the achievement of durable solutions
Different tools to inform (re)integration programing and measuring over time in Somalia

**Solution analysis**
(IASC framework with 3 safeties/8 criteria/28 outcome indicators – to be used as a baseline)

**Annual Solution update**
(criteria level to measure collective progress and challenges and programming principles)

**Programs specific tools**
(Such as LORI, etc)

**National level tools linked to SDGs/ poverty reduction**
(Work in progress with inclusion of IASC indicators in WB, NDP, etc)

CONTRIBUTION AND ENGAGEMENT FROM DIFFERENT ACTORS INFORMED BY CORE DS PROGRAMING PRINCIPLES
MEASURING PROGRAM AND POLICIES ADAPTATION BASED ON EVIDENCE